

# 1 ÜBUNGSAUFGABEN MESK 2BKI1

Die Grundmenge ist  $G = \mathbb{R}$ . Bestimmen Sie die Definitionsmenge D und die Lösungsmenge L der Gleichungen

1)  $x^2 = 121$

2)  $y^2 = \frac{4}{9}$

3)  $4x^2 + 1 = 0$

4)  $(2x-3)^2 = (x-6)^2 + 21$

5)  $(3x+1)^2 = 6x+37$

6)  $(x-4)^2 = 25 - 8x$

7)  $(2x-5)^2 = 45 - 20x$

8)  $(5x-1,4)^2 = 3,4 - 14x$

9)  $(3x-5)(3x+5) = 2$

10)  $(x+6)(x-6) = (2+x)(2-x)$

11)  $(2x+3)^2 = (3+x)(15-x)$

12)  $\frac{4x^2 - 5}{6} - \frac{2x^2 - 3}{4} = 3$

13)  $\frac{6x^2 + 7}{12} - \frac{x^2 + 4}{16} = x^2$

14)  $\frac{5x^2 + 3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4(x^2 + 1)}{3}$

15)  $\frac{5-x^2}{10} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{x^2 + 10}{5}$

16)  $(x-1)^2 = 16$

17)  $(x+2)^2 = 9$

18)  $(2x-1)^2 = 25$

19)  $(6x-9)^2 = 9$

20)  $(7x-2,1)^2 = 1,96$

21)  $(x+1,5)^2 = 2,25$

22)  $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 25$

23)  $x^2 + 10x + 25 = 0$

24)  $x^2 - 3x + 2,25 = 0$

25)  $\frac{3x}{x-2} = \frac{2x+7}{x+3} + \frac{6}{x-2}$

26)  $\frac{x-3}{x} + \frac{2x}{3} = 1$

27)  $\frac{x-2}{x+2} + \frac{x+2}{x-2} = 5$

28)  $\frac{36}{x+6} - 36 = \frac{36}{x-6}$

29)  $\frac{3x+2}{x-2} = \frac{x+2}{3x-2}$

30)  $\frac{2x+3}{5x-8} = \frac{x}{2x-7}$

31)  $\frac{3x+2}{x+2} = \frac{7x+2}{2x+4}$

32)  $\frac{x+5}{x-5} + \frac{x-5}{x+5} - 2 = \frac{100}{x^2 - 25}$

33)  $\frac{9}{x+3} - \frac{x}{x-3} = 2 - \frac{3}{x-3} - \frac{3x}{x+3}$

34)  $\frac{3}{x-4} - \frac{24}{x^2 - 16} = \frac{3}{x+4} - x^2 + 16$

35)  $\frac{x}{x-4} - \frac{16}{x+4} + \frac{12x}{x^2 - 16} + 3 = \frac{4(x^2 + 4)}{x^2 - 16}$

36)  $x^2 = 9a^2$

37)  $x^2 - 4a^2 = 0$

38)  $4x^2 - 25b^2 = 0$

39)  $2x^2 - 9c^2 = 0$

40)  $x^2 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$

41)

Prüfen Sie nach (durch Einsetzen in die Gleichung  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ), daß

$$x_1 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

Lösungen der Gleichung  
 $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  sind.

## 2 ÜBUNGSAUFGABEN MESK 2BKI

Eine Frau bricht um neun Uhr zu einer Tageswanderung auf und ist um 18 Uhr wieder am Startpunkt angekommen. Sie macht beim Wandern keine Pausen - auch nicht, als sie auf dem Gipfel des Bergs ankommt, dem Ziel der Wanderung. Dort macht sie sofort kehrt und geht auf denselben Weg wieder zum Startpunkt der Wanderung zurück.

Die Frau wandert mit drei verschiedenen Geschwindigkeiten: In der Ebene sind es 4 km/h, bergauf 3 km/h und bergab 6 km/h. Die Wanderstrecke besteht nur aus Stücken, die eben sind, bergauf gehen oder bergab.

Welche Strecke hat die Frau bei ihrer Tageswanderung zurückgelegt?

Lösung:

$s_H$  sei die Strecke, wo die Frau vom Startpunkt aus den Berg hoch geht.

$s_R$  sei die Strecke, wo die Frau vom Startpunkt aus den Berg reunter geht.

$s_E$  sei die Strecke, wo die Frau vom Startpunkt aus auf der Ebene läuft.

Die Gesamtstrecke sei  $s = s_H + s_E + s_R$

Jede Strecke wird in 2 Richtungen durchlaufen. Also beträgt die Gesamtzeit:

$$\frac{s_H}{3} + \frac{s_H}{6} + \frac{s_E}{4} + \frac{s_E}{4} + \frac{s_R}{3} + \frac{s_R}{6} = 9 \iff$$

$$\frac{s_H}{2} + \frac{s_E}{2} + \frac{s_R}{2} = 9 \iff \frac{s_H + s_E + s_R}{2} = 9 \iff s_H + s_E + s_R = 18 \iff s = 18$$

Lösungen:

- |  |  |                      |
|--|--|----------------------|
| 1)                                     | 2)   | 3)                   |
| $x^2 = 121$                            | $y^2 = \frac{4}{9}$                            | $4x^2 + 1 = 0$       |
| $D = R$                                | $D = R$  | $D = R$              |
| $L = \{-11; 11\}$                      | $L = \left\{-\frac{2}{3}; \frac{2}{3}\right\}$ | $x^2 = -\frac{1}{4}$ |
|  |  | $L = \{\}$           |
| 4)                                     | 5)   |                      |
| $(2x-3)^2 = (x-6)^2 + 21$              | $(3x+1)^2 = 6x + 37$                           |                      |
| $D = R$                                | $D = R$  |                      |
| $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = x^2 - 12x + 36 + 21$ | $9x^2 + 6x + 1 = 6x + 37$                      |                      |
| $3x^2 - 48 = 0$                        | $9x^2 = 36$                                    |                      |
| $x^2 = 16$                             | $x^2 = 4$                                      |                      |
| $L = \{4; -4\}$                        | $L = \{2; -2\}$                                |                      |
| 6)                                     | 7)   |                      |
| $(x-4)^2 = 25 - 8x$                    | $(2x-5)^2 = 45 - 20x$                          |                      |
| $D = R$                                | $D = R$  |                      |
| $x^2 - 8x + 16 = 25 - 8x$              | $4x^2 - 20x + 25 = 45 - 20x$                   |                      |
| $x^2 = 9$                              | $4x^2 = 20$                                    |                      |
| $L = \{3; -3\}$                        | $x^2 = 5$                                      |                      |
|  | $L = \{-\sqrt{5}; \sqrt{5}\}$                  |                      |
| 8)                                     | 9)   |                      |
| $(5x-1,4)^2 = 3,4 - 14x$               | $(3x-5)(3x+5) = 2$                             |                      |
| $D = R$                                | $D = R$  |                      |
| $25x^2 - 14x + 1,96 = 3,4 - 14x$       | $9x^2 - 25 = 2$                                |                      |
| $25x^2 = 1,44$                         | $9x^2 = 27$                                    |                      |
| $x^2 = \frac{1,44}{25}$                | $x^2 = 3$                                      |                      |
| $L = R \setminus \{2,4; -2,4\}$        | $L = \{-\sqrt{3}; \sqrt{3}\}$                  |                      |
| 10)                                    | 11)  |                      |
| $(x+6)(x-6) = (2+x)(2-x)$              | $(2x+3)^2 = (3+x)(15-x)$                       |                      |
| $D = R$                                | $D = R$  |                      |
| $x^2 - 36 = 4 - x^2$                   | $4x^2 + 12x + 9 = 45 + 15x - 3x$               |                      |
| $2x^2 = 40$                            | $5x^2 = 36$                                    |                      |
| $x^2 = 20$                             | $x^2 = 7,2$                                    |                      |
| $L = \{\sqrt{20}; -\sqrt{20}\}$        | $L = \{\sqrt{7,2}; -\sqrt{7,2}\}$              |                      |

$$12) \quad \frac{4x^2 - 5}{6} - \frac{2x^2 - 3}{4} = 3 \quad | \cdot 12$$

$D = R$

$$2(4x^2 - 5) - 3(2x^2 - 3) = 36$$

$$8x^2 - 10 - 6x^2 + 9 = 36$$

$$2x^2 = 37$$

$$x^2 = \sqrt{\frac{37}{2}}$$

$$L = \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{37}{2}}, -\sqrt{\frac{37}{2}} \right\}$$

$$14) \quad \frac{5x^2 + 3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4(x^2 + 1)}{3} \quad | \cdot 12$$

$D = R$

$$3(5x^2 + 3) + 6 = 16(x^2 + 1)$$

$$15x^2 + 9 + 6 = 16x^2 + 16$$

$$-x^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

$$16) \quad (x - 1)^2 = 16 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$D = R$

$$|x - 1| = 4$$

$$1. Fall : x - 1 = 4$$

$$x_1 = 5$$

$$2. Fall : x - 1 = -4$$

$$x - 1 = -4$$

$$x_2 = -3$$

$$L = \{-3; 5\}$$

$$18) \quad (2x - 1)^2 = 25 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$D = R$

$$|2x - 1| = 5$$

$$1. Fall : 2x - 1 = 5$$

$$2x = 6$$

$$x_1 = 3$$

$$2. Fall : 2x - 1 = -5$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x_2 = -2$$

$$L = \{3; -2\}$$

$$13) \quad \frac{6x^2 + 7}{12} - \frac{x^2 + 4}{16} = x^2 \quad | \cdot 48$$

$D = R$

$$4(6x^2 + 7) - 3(x^2 + 4) = 48x^2$$

$$-27x^2 = -16$$

$$L = \left\{ -\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}}, \sqrt{\frac{16}{27}} \right\}$$

$$15) \quad \frac{5 - x^2}{10} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{x^2 + 10}{5} \quad | \cdot 10$$

$D = R$

$$5 - x^2 + 15 = 2(x^2 + 10)$$

$$20 - x^2 = 2x + 20$$

$$3x^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 0$$

$$L = \{0\}$$

$$17) \quad (x + 2)^2 = 9 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$D = R$

$$|x + 2| = 3$$

$$1. Fall : x + 2 = 3 \quad 2. Fall : x + 2 = -3$$

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x = -5$$

$$x_2 = -5$$

$$L = \{1; -5\}$$

$$19) \quad (6x - 9)^2 = 9 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$D = R$

$$|6x - 9| = 3$$

$$1. Fall : 6x - 9 = 3 \quad 2. Fall : 6x - 9 = -3$$

$$6x = 12$$

$$x_1 = 2$$

$$x_2 = 1$$

$$L = \{1; 2\}$$

20)

$$(7x - 2,1)^2 = 1,96 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$$D = R$$

$$|7x - 2,1| = 1,4$$

$$1. Fall : 7x - 2,1 = 1,4 \quad 2. Fall : 7x - 2,1 = -1,4$$

$$7x = 3,5$$

$$7x = 0,7$$

$$x_1 = 0,5$$

$$x = 0,1$$

$$x_2 = -0,1$$

$$L = \{-0,1; 0,5\}$$

21)

$$(x + 1,5)^2 = 2,25 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$$D = R$$

$$|x + 1,5| = 1,5$$

$$1. Fall : x + 1,5 = 1,5 \quad 2. Fall : x + 1,5 = -1,5$$

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x = -3$$

$$x_2 = -3$$

$$L = \{-3; 0\}$$

22)

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 25$$

$$D = R$$

$$(x + 3)^2 = 25 \quad | \sqrt{\phantom{x}}$$

$$|x + 3| = 5$$

$$1. Fall : x + 3 = 5 \quad 2. Fall : x + 3 = -5$$

$$x_1 = 2 \quad x = -8$$

$$x_2 = -8$$

$$L = \{-8; 2\}$$

23)

$$x^2 + 10x + 25 = 0$$

$$D = R$$

$$(x + 5)^2 = 0$$

$$(x + 5)(x + 5) = 0$$

$$x + 5 = 0$$

$$x = -5$$

$$L = \{-5\}$$

24)

$$x^2 - 3x + 2,25 = 0$$

$$D = R$$

$$(x - 1,5)^2 = 0$$

$$x - 1,5 = 0$$

$$x = 1,5$$

$$L = \{1,5\}$$

25)

$$\frac{3x}{x-2} = \frac{2x+7}{x+3} + \frac{6}{x-2} \quad | \cdot (x-2)(x+3)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{2; -3\}$$

$$3x(x+3) = (2x+7)(x-2) + 6(x+3)$$

$$3x^2 + 9x = 2x^2 + 7x - 4x - 14 + 6x + 18$$

$$3x^2 = 2x^2 + 4$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$L = \{-2\}$$

26)

$$\frac{x-3}{x} + \frac{2x}{3} = 1 \quad | \cdot 3x$$

$$D = R \setminus \{0\}$$

$$3(x-3) + 2x^2 = 3x$$

$$3x - 9 + 2x^2 = 3x$$

$$2x^2 = 9$$

$$L = \{-\sqrt{4,5}; \sqrt{4,5}\}$$

27)

$$\frac{x-2}{x+2} + \frac{x+2}{x-2} = 5 \quad | \cdot (x+2)(x-2)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{2; -2\}$$

$$(x-2)^2 + (x+2)^2 = 5(x+2)(x-2)$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 + x^2 + 4x + 4 = 5(x^2 - 4)$$

$$2x^2 + 8 = 5x^2 - 20$$

$$-3x^2 = -28$$

$$x^2 = \frac{28}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right\}$$

29)

$$\frac{3x+2}{x-2} = \frac{x+2}{3x-2} \quad | \cdot (x-2)(3x-2)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{2; \frac{2}{3}\}$$

$$(3x+2)(3x-2) = (x+2)(x-2)$$

$$9x^2 - 4 = x^2 - 4$$

$$8x^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 0$$

$$L = \{0\}$$

31)

$$\frac{3x+2}{x+2} = \frac{7x+2}{2x+4} \quad | \cdot 2(x+2)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{-2\}$$

$$\frac{3x+2}{x+2} = \frac{7x+2}{2(x+2)}$$

$$2(3x+2) = 7x+2$$

$$6x+4 = 7x+2$$

$$2 = x$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

28)

$$\frac{36}{x+6} - 36 = \frac{36}{x-6} \quad | \cdot (x+6)(x-6)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{-6; 6\}$$

$$36(x-6) - 36(x+6)(x-6) = 36(x+6)$$

$$(x-6) - (x+6)(x-6) = x+6$$

$$x-6 - (x^2 - 36) = x+6$$

$$x-6 - x^2 + 36 = x+6$$

$$-x^2 = -24$$

$$L = \{-\sqrt{24}; \sqrt{24}\}$$

30)

$$\frac{2x+3}{5x-8} = \frac{x}{2x-7} \quad | \cdot (5x-8)(2x-7)$$

$$D = R \setminus \left\{ \frac{8}{5}; \frac{7}{2} \right\}$$

$$(2x+3)(2x-7) = x(5x-8)$$

$$4x^2 + 6x - 14x - 21 = 5x^2 - 8x$$

$$-21 = x^2$$

$$L = \{\}$$

32)

$$\frac{x+5}{x-5} + \frac{x-5}{x+5} - 2 = \frac{100}{x^2 - 25}$$

$$D = R \setminus \{5; -5\}$$

$$\frac{x+5}{x-5} + \frac{x-5}{x+5} - 2 = \frac{100}{(x-5)(x+5)} \quad | \cdot (x-5)(x+5)$$

$$(x+5)^2 + (x-5)^2 - 2(x-5)(x+5) = 100$$

$$x^2 + 10x + 25 + x^2 - 10x + 25 - 2x^2 + 50 = 100$$

$$2x^2 - 2x^2 + 100 = 100$$

$$2x^2 - 2x^2 = 0$$

$$L = R \setminus \{5; -5\}$$

33)

$$\frac{9}{x+3} - \frac{x}{x-3} = 2 - \frac{3}{x-3} - \frac{3x}{x+3} \quad | \cdot (x+3)(x-3)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{-3; 3\}$$

$$9(x-3) - x(x+3) = 2(x-3)(x+3) - 3(x+3) - 3x(x-3)$$

$$9x - 27 - x^2 - 3x = 2x^2 - 18 - 3x - 9 - 3x^2 + 9x$$

$$-x^2 + 6x - 27 = -x^2 + 6x - 27$$

$$L = R \setminus \{-3; 3\}$$

34)

$$\frac{3}{x-4} - \frac{24}{x^2-16} = \frac{3}{x+4} - x^2 + 16 \quad | \cdot (x-4)(x+4)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{-4; +4\}$$

$$3(x+4) - 24 = 3(x-4) - x^2(x^2-16) + 16(x^2-16)$$

$$3x + 12 - 24 = 3x - 12 - x^4 + 16x^2 + 16x^2 - 256$$

$$(x^2)^2 - 32x^2 + 256 = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 16)^2 = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 16)(x^2 - 16) = 0$$

$$(x-4) \cdot (x+4) \cdot (x-4) \cdot (x+4) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 4; x_2 = -4$$

$$L = \{\}$$

35)

$$\frac{x}{x-4} - \frac{16}{x+4} + \frac{12x}{x^2-16} + 3 = \frac{4(x^2+4)}{x^2-16} \quad | \cdot (x-4)(x+4)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{-4; 4\}$$

$$x(x+4) - 16(x-4) + 12x + 3(x^2-16) = 4(x^2+4)$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 16x + 64 + 12x + 3x^2 - 48 = 4x^2 + 16$$

$$4x^2 + 16 = 4x^2 + 16$$

$$L = R \setminus \{-4; 4\}$$

$$36) \quad x^2 = 9a^2$$

$$D = R$$

$$x^2 - 9a^2 = 0$$

$$(x - 3a)(x + 3a) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 3a \quad x_2 = -3a$$

$$L = \{3a; -3a\}$$

$$37) \quad x^2 - 4a^2 = 0$$

$$(x - 2a)(x + 2a) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 2a \quad x_2 = -2a$$

$$L = \{2a; -2a\}$$

$$38)$$

$$4x^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$(2x - 5b)(2x + 5b) = 0$$

$$1. Fall : 2x = 5b \quad 2. Fall : 2x + 5b = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{5}{2}b \quad x_2 = -\frac{5}{2}b$$

39)

$$2x^2 - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$(\sqrt{2}x)^2 - (3c)^2 = 0$$

$$(\sqrt{2}x - 3c)(\sqrt{2}x + 3c) = 0$$

$$1. Fall : \sqrt{2}x - 3c = 0 \quad 2. Fall : \sqrt{2}x + 3c = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{3c}{\sqrt{2}} \quad x_2 = -\frac{3c}{\sqrt{2}}$$

40)

$$x^2 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$$

$$1. Fall : x - (a - 1) = 0$$

$$x^2 - a^2 + 2a - 1 = 0$$

$$x_1 = a - 1$$

$$x^2 - (a^2 - 2a + 1) = 0$$

$$2. Fall : x + (a - 1) = 0$$

$$x^2 - (a - 1)^2 = 0$$

$$x_2 = 1 - a$$

$$(x - (a - 1))(x + (a - 1)) = 0$$

Proben:

1)  $a)$   $(-11)^2 = 121$   $2) \quad a)$   $\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$   $4) \quad a)$   $(2 \cdot 4 - 3)^2 = (4 - 6)^2 + 21$   
 $121 = 121 \quad (w)$

$b)$   $11^2 = 121$   $\frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \quad (w)$   $b)$   $(2 \cdot (-4) - 3)^2 = (-4 - 6)^2 + 21$   
 $121 = 121 \quad (w)$   $b)$   $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$   
 $\frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \quad (w)$

5)  $a)$   $(3 \cdot 2 + 1)^2 = 6 \cdot 2 + 37$   $7) \quad a)$   $(2\sqrt{5} - 5)^2 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $49 = 49 \quad (w)$   $(2\sqrt{5})^2 - 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{5} \cdot 5 + 5^2 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $b)$   $(3 \cdot (-2) + 1)^2 = 6 \cdot (-2) + 37$   $2^2 \sqrt{5}^2 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $25 = 25 \quad (w)$   $20 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $45 - 20\sqrt{5} = 45 - 20\sqrt{5} \quad (w)$

6)  $a)$   $(3 - 4)^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot 3$   $b)$   $(2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}) - 5)^2 = 45 - 20 \cdot (-\sqrt{5})$   
 $1 = 1 \quad (w)$   $(2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}))^2 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}) \cdot 5 + 5^2 = 45 - 20 \cdot (-\sqrt{5})$   
 $b)$   $(-3 - 4)^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot (-3)$   $2^2 \sqrt{5}^2 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $49 = 49 \quad (w)$   $20 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $45 - 20\sqrt{5} = 45 - 20\sqrt{5} \quad (w)$

8)  $a)$   $(5 \cdot 0,24 - 1,4)^2 = 3,4 - 14 \cdot 0,24$   
 $0,04 = 0,04 \quad (w)$   
 $b)$   $(5 \cdot (-0,24) - 1,4)^2 = 3,4 - 14 \cdot (-0,24)$   
 $6,76 = 6,76 \quad (w)$

9)

a)

$$(3 \cdot \sqrt{3} - 5)(3 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 5) = 2$$

$$(3 \cdot \sqrt{3})^2 - 5^2 = 2$$

$$9 \cdot \sqrt{3}^2 - 25 = 2$$

$$9 \cdot 3 - 25 = 2$$

$$2 = 2 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$(3 \cdot (-\sqrt{3}) - 5)(3 \cdot (-\sqrt{3}) + 5) = 2$$

$$(3 \cdot (-\sqrt{3}))^2 - 5^2 = 2$$

$$9 \cdot (-\sqrt{3})^2 - 25 = 2$$

$$9 \cdot 3 - 25 = 2$$

$$2 = 2 \quad (w)$$

10)

a)

$$(\sqrt{20} + 6)(\sqrt{20} - 6) = (2 + \sqrt{20})(2 - \sqrt{20})$$

$$\sqrt{20}^2 - 6^2 = 2^2 - \sqrt{20}^2$$

$$\sqrt{20}^2 - 36 = 4 - \sqrt{20}^2$$

$$20 - 36 = 4 - 20$$

$$-4 = -4 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$((-\sqrt{20}) + 6)((-\sqrt{20}) - 6) = (2 + (-\sqrt{20}))(2 - (-\sqrt{20}))$$

$$(-\sqrt{20})^2 - 6^2 = 2^2 - (-\sqrt{20})^2$$

$$(-\sqrt{20})^2 - 36 = 4 - (-\sqrt{20})^2$$

$$20 - 36 = 4 - 20$$

$$-4 = -4 \quad (w)$$

11)

a)

$$(2\sqrt{7,2} + 3)^2 = (3 + \sqrt{7,2})(15 - \sqrt{7,2})$$

$$(2\sqrt{7,2})^2 + 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{7,2} \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 45 + 15\sqrt{7,2} - 3\sqrt{7,2} - \sqrt{7,2}^2$$

$$4 \cdot \sqrt{7,2}^2 + 12\sqrt{7,2} + 9 = 45 + 15\sqrt{7,2} - 3\sqrt{7,2} - \sqrt{7,2}^2$$

$$4 \cdot 7,2 + 12\sqrt{7,2} + 9 = 45 + 12\sqrt{7,2} - 7,2$$

$$4 \cdot 7,2 + 9 = 45 - 7,2$$

$$37,8 = 37,8 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$(2 \cdot (-\sqrt{7,2}) + 3)^2 = (3 + (-\sqrt{7,2}))(15 - \cdot (-\sqrt{7,2}))$$

$$(-2\sqrt{7,2} + 3)^2 = (3 - \sqrt{7,2})(15 + \sqrt{7,2})$$

$$(-2\sqrt{7,2})^2 - 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{7,2} \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 45 - 15\sqrt{7,2} + 3\sqrt{7,2} - \sqrt{7,2} \cdot \sqrt{7,2}$$

$$4 \cdot \sqrt{7,2}^2 - 12\sqrt{7,2} + 9 = 45 - 15\sqrt{7,2} + 3\sqrt{7,2} - \sqrt{7,2}^2$$

$$4 \cdot 7,2 - 12\sqrt{7,2} + 9 = 45 - 12\sqrt{7,2} - 7,2$$

$$4 \cdot 7,2 + 9 = 45 - 7,2$$

$$37,8 = 37,8 \quad (w)$$

12)

a)

$$\frac{4\sqrt{\frac{37}{2}^2} - 5}{6} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{37}{2}^2} - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot \frac{37}{2} - 5}{6} - \frac{2 \cdot \frac{37}{2} - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 37 - 5}{6} - \frac{37 - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{69}{6} - \frac{34}{4} = 3 \quad | \cdot 12$$

$$2 \cdot 69 - 3 \cdot 34 = 36$$

$$36 = 36 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$\frac{4 \cdot (-\sqrt{\frac{37}{2}})^2 - 5}{6} - \frac{2(-\sqrt{\frac{37}{2}})^2 - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot \frac{37}{2} - 5}{6} - \frac{2 \cdot \frac{37}{2} - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 37 - 5}{6} - \frac{37 - 3}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{69}{6} - \frac{34}{4} = 3 \quad | \cdot 12$$

$$2 \cdot 69 - 3 \cdot 34 = 36$$

$$36 = 36 \quad (w)$$

13)

a)

$$\frac{6\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}^2} + 7}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}^2} + 4}{16} = \sqrt{\frac{16}{27}^2}$$

$$\frac{6 \cdot \frac{16}{27} + 7}{12} - \frac{\frac{16}{27} + 4}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{96}{12} + 7 - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{285}{12} - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{285}{12} - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27} \quad | \cdot 27 \cdot 16$$

$$\frac{285}{27} \cdot 36 - \frac{124}{27} \cdot 27 = 256$$

$$380 - 124 = 256$$

$$256 = 256 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$\frac{6 \cdot \left(-\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}}\right)^2 + 7}{12} - \frac{\left(-\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}}\right)^2 + 4}{16} = \left(-\sqrt{\frac{16}{27}}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{6 \cdot \frac{16}{27} + 7}{12} - \frac{\frac{16}{27} + 4}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{96}{12} + 7 - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{285}{12} - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27}$$

$$\frac{285}{12} - \frac{124}{16} = \frac{16}{27} \quad | \cdot 27 \cdot 16$$

$$\frac{285}{27} \cdot 36 - \frac{124}{27} \cdot 27 = 256$$

$$380 - 124 = 256$$

$$256 = 256 \quad (w)$$

15)

$$\frac{5 - 0^2}{10} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{0^2 + 10}{5}$$

$$2 = 2 \quad (w)$$

16)

a)  $(-3 - 1)^2 = 16$

b)  $16 = 16 \quad (w)$

$(5 - 1)^2 = 16$

$16 = 16 \quad (w)$

17)

a)  $(1 + 2)^2 = 9$

b)  $9 = 9 \quad (w)$

$(-5 + 2)^2 = 9$

$9 = 9 \quad (w)$

18)

a)  $(2 \cdot 3 - 1)^2 = 25$

b)  $25 = 25 \quad (w)$

$(2 \cdot (-2) - 1)^2 = 25$

$25 = 25 \quad (w)$

19)

a)  $(6 \cdot 1 - 9)^2 = 9$

b)  $9 = 9 \quad (w)$

$(6 \cdot 2 - 9)^2 = 9$

$9 = 9 \quad (w)$

20)

a)  $(7 \cdot 0,1 - 2,1)^2 = 1,96$

b)  $1,96 = 1,96 \quad (w)$

$(7 \cdot 0,5 - 2,1)^2 = 1,96$

$1,96 = 1,96 \quad (w)$

21)

a)  $(-3 + 1,5)^2 = 2,25$

b)  $2,25 = 2,25 \quad (w)$

$(0 + 1,5)^2 = 2,25$

$2,25 = 2,25 \quad (w)$

22)

a)  $(-8)^2 + 6 \cdot (-8) + 9 = 25$

b)  $25 = 25 \quad (w)$

$2^2 + 6 \cdot 2 + 9 = 25$

23)

$(-5)^2 + 10 \cdot (-5) + 25 = 0$

$25 - 50 + 25 = 0$

$0 = 0 \quad (w)$

24)

$1,5^2 - 3 \cdot 1,5 + 2,25 = 0$

$2,25 - 3 \cdot 1,5 + 2,25 = 0$

$0 = 0 \quad (w)$

25)

$$\frac{3 \cdot (-2)}{-2 - 2} = \frac{2 \cdot (-2) + 7}{-2 + 3} + \frac{6}{-2 - 2}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot (-2)}{-2 - 2} = \frac{2 \cdot (-2) + 7}{-2 + 3} + \frac{6}{-2 - 2}$$

$$\frac{-6}{-4} = \frac{3}{1} - \frac{6}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = 3 - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \quad (w)$$

26)

a)

$$\frac{\sqrt{4,5} - 3}{\sqrt{4,5}} + \frac{2\sqrt{4,5}}{3} = 1 \quad | \cdot 3\sqrt{4,5}$$

$$3(\sqrt{4,5} - 3) + 2\sqrt{4,5}^2 = 3\sqrt{4,5}$$

$$3\sqrt{4,5} - 9 + 2 \cdot 4,5 = 3\sqrt{4,5}$$

$$3\sqrt{4,5} = 3\sqrt{4,5} \quad (w)$$

b)

$$\frac{(-\sqrt{4,5}) - 3}{-\sqrt{4,5}} + \frac{2 \cdot (-\sqrt{4,5})}{3} = 1 \quad | \cdot 3 \cdot (-\sqrt{4,5})$$

$$3(-\sqrt{4,5} - 3) + 2 \cdot (-\sqrt{4,5})^2 = -3\sqrt{4,5}$$

$$-3\sqrt{4,5} - 9 + 2 \cdot 4,5 = -3\sqrt{4,5}$$

$$-3\sqrt{4,5} = -3\sqrt{4,5} \quad (w)$$

27)

a)

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2}{\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2}{\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2} = 5 \quad | \cdot \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)$$

$$\left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)^2 + \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right)^2 = 5 \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}^2} - 2 \cdot 2 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2^2 + \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}^2} + 2 \cdot 2 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2^2 = 5 \left( \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}^2} - 2^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{28}{3} \cdot 4 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 4 + \frac{28}{3} + 4 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 4 = 5 \left( \frac{28}{3} \cdot 4 \right)$$

$$\frac{56}{3} + 8 = \frac{140}{3} - 20 \quad | \cdot 3$$

$$56 + 24 = 140 - 60$$

$$80 = 80 \quad (\text{w})$$

b)

$$\frac{\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)}{\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right)} + \frac{\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right)}{\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)} = 5$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2}{-\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2} + \frac{-\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2}{-\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2} = 5 \quad | \cdot \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right) \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)$$

$$\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right)^2 + \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right)^2 = 5 \left( \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 2 \right) \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} - 2 \right) \right)$$

$$\left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right)^2 - 2 \cdot 2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right) + 2^2 + \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right)^2 + 2 \cdot 2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right) + 2^2 = 5 \left( \left( -\sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} \right)^2 - 2^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{28}{3} + 4 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 4 + \frac{28}{3} - 4 \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} + 4 = 5 \left( \frac{28}{3} \cdot 4 \right)$$

$$\frac{56}{3} + 8 = \frac{140}{3} - 20 \quad | \cdot 3$$

$$56 + 24 = 140 - 60$$

$$80 = 80 \quad (\text{w})$$

28)

a)

$$\frac{36}{\sqrt{24} + 6} - 36 = \frac{36}{\sqrt{24} - 6} \quad | \cdot (\sqrt{24} + 6)(\sqrt{24} - 6)$$

$$36(\sqrt{24} - 6) - 36(\sqrt{24} + 6)(\sqrt{24} - 6) = 36(\sqrt{24} + 6)$$

$$36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 36(\sqrt{24}^2 - 6^2) = 36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 36(24 - 36) = 36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 864 + 1296 = 36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$36\sqrt{24} + 216 = 36\sqrt{24} + 216 \quad (\text{w})$$

b)

$$\frac{36}{-\sqrt{24} + 6} - 36 = \frac{36}{-\sqrt{24} - 6} \quad | \cdot (-\sqrt{24} + 6)(-\sqrt{24} - 6)$$

$$36(-\sqrt{24} - 6) - 36(-\sqrt{24} + 6)(-\sqrt{24} - 6) = 36(-\sqrt{24} + 6)$$

$$-36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 36((-\sqrt{24})^2 - 6^2) = -36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$-36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 36(24 - 36) = -36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$-36\sqrt{24} - 216 - 864 + 1296 = -36\sqrt{24} + 216$$

$$-36\sqrt{24} + 216 = -36\sqrt{24} + 216 \quad (\text{w})$$

29)

$$\frac{3 \cdot 0 + 2}{0 - 2} = \frac{0 + 2}{3 \cdot 0 - 2}$$

$$\frac{2}{-2} = \frac{2}{-2}$$

$$-1 = -1 \quad (\text{w})$$

31)

$$\frac{3 \cdot 2 + 2}{2 + 2} = \frac{7 \cdot 2 + 2}{2 \cdot 2 + 4}$$

$$\frac{8}{4} = \frac{16}{8}$$

$$2 = 2 \quad (\text{w})$$

36)

$$a) \quad (3a)^2 = 9a^2$$

$$b) \quad 9a^2 = 9a^2 \quad (\text{w})$$

$$(-3a)^2 = 9a^2$$

$$9a^2 = 9a^2 \quad (\text{w})$$

37)

a)

$$(2a)^2 - 4a^2 = 0$$

$$4a^2 - 4a^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (\text{w})$$

b)

$$(-2a)^2 - 4a^2 = 0$$

$$4a^2 - 4a^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (\text{w})$$

38)

a)

$$4 \cdot \left(\frac{5}{2}b\right)^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{25}{4}b^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$25b^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (\text{w})$$

b)

$$4 \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}b\right)^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{25}{4}b^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$25b^2 - 25b^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (\text{w})$$

39)

a)

$$2 \cdot \left( \frac{3c}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{9c^2}{2} - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$9c^2 - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b)

$$2 \cdot \left( -\frac{3c}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{9c^2}{2} - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$9c^2 - 9c^2 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

40)

a)

$$(a-1)^2 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$$

$$a^2 - 2a + 1 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$$

$$-2a + 1 = 1 - 2a \quad (w)$$

b)

$$(1-a)^2 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$$

$$1 - 2a + a^2 - a^2 = 1 - 2a$$

$$1 - 2a = 1 - 2a \quad (w)$$

41)

a)

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$a \cdot \left( \frac{-b + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} \right)^2 + b \cdot \frac{-b + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c =$$

$$a \cdot \frac{(-b + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})^2}{(2a)^2} + \frac{b(-b + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})}{2a} + c =$$

$$a \cdot \frac{(-b)^2 + 2(-b)(\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}) + (\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})^2}{4a^2} + \frac{-b^2 + b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c =$$

$$\frac{b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + b^2 - 4ac + \frac{-b^2 + b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c =$$

$$\frac{b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + b^2 - 4ac + \frac{2(-b^2 + b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})}{4a} + \frac{4ac}{4a} =$$

$$\frac{b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + b^2 - 4ac + \frac{-2b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + \frac{4ac}{4a} =$$

$$\frac{b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + b^2 - 4ac - 2b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + 4ac = 0$$

b)

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} a \cdot \left( \frac{-b - \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} \right)^2 + b \frac{-b - \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c &= \\ a \cdot \frac{(-b - \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})^2}{(2a)^2} + \frac{b(-b - \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})}{2a} + c &= \\ a \cdot \frac{(-b)^2 - 2(-b)(\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}) + (\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})^2}{4a^2} + \frac{-b^2 - b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c &= \\ \frac{b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + b^2 - 4ac}{4a} + \frac{-b^2 - b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a} + c &= \\ \frac{b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + b^2 - 4ac}{4a} + \frac{2(-b^2 - b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)})}{4a} + \frac{4ac}{4a} &= \\ \frac{b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + b^2 - 4ac}{4a} + \frac{-2b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{4a} + \frac{4ac}{4a} &= \\ \frac{b^2 + 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + b^2 - 4ac - 2b^2 - 2b\sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)} + 4ac}{4a} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

### 3 ÜBUNGSAUFGABEN MESK 2BKI1

Die Grundmenge ist  $G = \mathbb{R}$ . Bestimmen Sie die Definitionsmenge D und die Lösungsmenge L der Gleichungen.  
Bitte machen Sie die Probe !!

*Lösen Sie durch quadratische Ergänzung:*

1)  $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

2)  $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$

3)  $x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$

4)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

5)  $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$

6)  $x^2 + 11x + 24 = 0$

7)  $2x^2 + 11x + 5 = 0$

8)  $2x^2 + 9x + 7 = 0$

9)  $3x^2 - 11x + 10 = 0$

*Berechnen Sie die Lösungen:*

10)  $x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$

11)  $x^2 + 6x + 7 = 0$

12)  $x^2 - 8x + 11 = 0$

13)  $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$

14)  $3x^2 - 10x + 6 = 0$

15)  $x^2 + 7x + 16 = 0$

16)  $7x^2 + 33x + 36 = 0$

17)  $35x^2 - 137x + 132 = 0$

18)  $80x^2 - 166x + 51 = 0$

19)  $108x^2 + 249x + 136 = 0$

20)  $85x^2 + 239x - 170 = 0$

21)  $36x^2 + 167x + 187 = 0$

22)  $x^2 - 1,6x + 0,63 = 0$

23)  $x^2 - 6,3x - 204,7 = 0$

24)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0$

25)  $x^2 - \frac{x}{3} - 8 = 0$

26)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8} = 0$

27)  $x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{9}{16} = 0$

28)  $x^2 - \frac{22}{3}x + \frac{35}{3} = 0$

29)  $3x^2 + 15x - 72 = 0$

30)  $36x^2 - 36x + 9 = 0$

31)  $21x^2 + 28x - 84 = 0$

32)  $\frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x - 5 = 0$

33)  $\frac{2}{3}x^2 + x + \frac{1}{3} = 0$

34)  $\frac{9}{10}x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0$

35)  $x^2 - 3,5x + 4 = 0$

36)  $x^2 + 2,4x + 0,8 = 0$

37)  $0,75x^2 + 0,5x - 1,25 = 0$

38)  $(x+2)^2 = -5$

39)  $\frac{2x+1}{3} + \frac{9}{2x+1} = 4$

40)  $2 \cdot \frac{x-2}{5} + \frac{5}{x-2} = 3$

41)  $\frac{2x+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-2x} = 2$

42)  $\frac{3x+4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-3x} = 2$

43)  $\frac{x+3}{x} + \frac{x}{x-2} = 5$

44)  $\frac{7-x}{x} - \frac{x}{x+8} = 5$

45)  $\frac{x}{2x-3} - \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{3}{4x-6}$

46)  $\frac{2x}{x-4} + \frac{3x}{x+4} = \frac{4(x^2 - x + 4)}{x^2 - 16}$

47)  $\frac{3x^2 + 25}{x^2 - 25} + \frac{5-x}{5+x} = \frac{2x}{x-5}$

48)  $\frac{9+2x}{9-x^2} = \frac{5}{3-x} - \frac{4+x}{6+2x}$

49)  $\frac{4x-3}{x-1} - \frac{10}{x+2} = \frac{5x}{x+2}$

Lösungen:

1)  
 $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

$D = /R$

$x^2 - 6x = -5$

$x^2 - 6x + 9 = -5 + 9$

$(x - 3)^2 = 4$

$x - 3 = \sqrt{4} \vee x - 3 = -\sqrt{4}$

$x = 5 \vee x = 1$

$L = \{1; 5\}$

2)  
 $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$

$D = R$

$x^2 + 6x = -8$

$x^2 + 6x + 9 = -8 + 9$

$(x + 3)^2 = 1$

$x + 3 = 1 \vee x + 3 = -1$

$x = -2 \vee x = -4$

$L = \{-2; -4\}$

3)  
 $x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$

$D = R$

$x^2 - 10x = -21$

$x^2 - 10x + 25 = -21 + 25$

$(x - 5)^2 = 4$

$x - 5 = \sqrt{4} \vee x - 5 = -\sqrt{4}$

$x = 7 \vee x = 3$

$L = \{3; 7\}$

4)  
 $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

$D = R$

$x^2 + 6x = -5$

$x^2 + 6x + 9 = -5 + 9$

$(x + 3)^2 = 4$

$x + 3 = \sqrt{4} \vee x + 3 = -\sqrt{4}$

$x = -1 \vee x = -5$

$L = \{-1; -5\}$

5)  
 $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$

$D = R$

$x^2 - 4x = 5$

$x^2 - 4x + 4 = 5 + 4$

$(x - 2)^2 = 9$

$x - 2 = \sqrt{9} \vee x - 2 = -\sqrt{9}$

$x = 2 + 3 \vee x = 2 - 3$

$L = \{5; -1\}$

5) Probe

a)

$5^2 - 4 \cdot 5 - 5 = 0$

$0 = 0 \quad (\text{wahr})$

b)

$(-1)^2 - 4 \cdot (-1) - 5 = 0$

$0 = 0 \quad (\text{wahr})$

6)

$$x^2 + 11x + 24 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x^2 + 11x = -24$$

$$x^2 + 2 \cdot \frac{11}{2} \cdot x + \left(\frac{11}{2}\right)^2 = -24 + \left(\frac{11}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{2}\right)^2 = -24 + \frac{121}{4}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{-96 + 121}{4}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$x + \frac{11}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{4}} \vee x + \frac{11}{2} = -\sqrt{\frac{25}{4}}$$

$$x + \frac{11}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \vee x + \frac{11}{2} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$x = -3 \vee x = -8$$

$$L = \{-3; -8\}$$

7)

$$2x^2 + 11x + 5 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x^2 + \frac{11}{2}x + \frac{5}{2} = 0$$

$$x^2 + \frac{11}{2}x + \left(\frac{11}{4}\right)^2 = -\frac{5}{2} + \left(\frac{11}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{4}\right)^2 = -\frac{5}{2} + \frac{121}{16}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{-40 + 121}{16}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{11}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{81}{16}$$

$$x + \frac{11}{4} = \sqrt{\frac{81}{16}} \vee x + \frac{11}{4} = -\sqrt{\frac{81}{16}}$$

$$x + \frac{11}{4} = \frac{9}{4} \vee x + \frac{11}{4} = -\frac{9}{4}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2} \vee x = -5$$

$$L = \left\{-\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{5}{4}\right\}$$

8)

$$2x^2 + 9x + 7 = 0$$

 $D = R$ 

$$x^2 + \frac{9}{2}x + \frac{7}{2} = 0$$

$$x^2 + \frac{9}{2}x = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{9}{2}x + \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^2 = -\frac{7}{2} + \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^2 = -\frac{7}{2} + \frac{81}{16}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{-56 + 81}{16}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{16}$$

$$x + \frac{9}{4} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{16}} \vee x + \frac{9}{4} = -\sqrt{\frac{25}{16}}$$

$$x + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \vee x + \frac{9}{4} = -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$x = -1 \vee x = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$L = \left\{ -1; \frac{7}{2} \right\}$$

9)

$$3x^2 - 11x + 10 = 0$$

 $D = R$ 

$$x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x + \frac{10}{3} = 0$$

$$x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x + \left(\frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = -\frac{10}{3} + \left(\frac{11}{6}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = -\frac{10}{3} + \frac{121}{36}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{-120 + 121}{36}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{36}$$

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{36}} \vee x - \frac{11}{6} = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{36}}$$

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = \frac{1}{6} \vee x - \frac{11}{6} = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$x = 2 \vee x = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ 2; \frac{5}{3} \right\}$$

10)

$$x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

 $D = R$ 

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{12}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4 \cdot 3}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 \pm \sqrt{3}$$

$$L = \{2 + \sqrt{3}; 2 - \sqrt{3}\}$$

Probe:

$$a) (2 + \sqrt{3})^2 - 4(2 + \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 4 + 4\sqrt{3} + 3 - 8 - 4\sqrt{3} + 1 = 0 \quad (\text{wahr})$$

$$b) (2 - \sqrt{3})^2 - 4(2 - \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 4 - 4\sqrt{3} + 3 - 8 + 4\sqrt{3} + 1 = 0 \quad (\text{wahr})$$

11)

$$x^2 + 6x + 7 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 7}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{8}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{2} = -3 \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$L = \{-3 + \sqrt{2}; -3 - \sqrt{2}\}$$

12)

$$x^2 - 8x + 11 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 11}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm 2\sqrt{5}}{2} = 4 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

$$L = \{4 + \sqrt{5}; 4 - \sqrt{5}\}$$

13)

$$4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 9}}{8} = \frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

14)

$$3x^2 - 10x + 6 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 6}}{6} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{28}}{6} = \frac{10 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{6} = \frac{5}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{5}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}; \frac{5}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right\}$$

15)

$$x^2 + 7x + 16 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 16}}{2} = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{-15}}{2}$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

16)

$$7x^2 + 33x + 36 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-33 \pm \sqrt{33^2 - 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 36}}{14} = \frac{-33 \pm 9}{2}$$

$$x_1 = -3 \quad x_2 = -\frac{24}{14} = -\frac{12}{7}$$

$$L = \left\{ -3; -\frac{12}{7} \right\}$$

18)

$$80x^2 - 166x + 51 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{166 \pm \sqrt{166^2 - 4 \cdot 80 \cdot 51}}{160} = \frac{166 \pm 106}{160}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{272}{160} = \frac{17}{10} \quad x_2 = \frac{60}{160} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{17}{10}; \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

19)

$$108x^2 + 249x + 136 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-249 \pm \sqrt{249^2 - 4 \cdot 108 \cdot 136}}{216} = \frac{-167 \pm 31}{72}$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{306}{216} = \frac{-153}{108} = -\frac{17}{12} \quad x_2 = -\frac{192}{216} = -\frac{24}{27} = -\frac{8}{9}$$

20)

$$85x^2 + 239x - 170 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-239 \pm \sqrt{239^2 - 4 \cdot 85 \cdot -170}}{170} = \frac{-239 \pm 339}{170}$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{578}{170} = -3,4 \quad x_2 = \frac{100}{170} = \frac{10}{17}$$

$$L = \left\{ -3,4; \frac{10}{17} \right\}$$

17)

$$35x^2 - 137x + 132 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{137 \pm \sqrt{137^2 - 4 \cdot 35 \cdot 132}}{2 \cdot 35} = \frac{137 \pm 17}{70}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{154}{70} = \frac{11}{5} \quad x_2 = \frac{120}{70} = \frac{12}{7}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{11}{5}; \frac{12}{7} \right\}$$

21)

$$36x^2 + 167x + 187 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-167 \pm \sqrt{167^2 - 4 \cdot 36 \cdot 187}}{2 \cdot 36} = \frac{-167 \pm 31}{72}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-136}{72} = -\frac{17}{9} \quad x_2 = \frac{-198}{72} = -\frac{99}{36} = -\frac{11}{4}$$

$$L = \left\{ -\frac{17}{9}; -\frac{11}{4} \right\}$$

22)

$$x^2 - 1,6x + 0,63 = 0 \mid \cdot 100$$

$D = R$

$$100x^2 - 160x + 63 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{160 \pm \sqrt{160^2 - 4 \cdot 100 \cdot 63}}{200} = \frac{160 \pm 20}{200}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{180}{200} = \frac{9}{10} \quad x_2 = \frac{140}{200} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{9}{10}; \frac{7}{10} \right\}$$

24)

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0 \mid \cdot 2$$

$D = R$

$$2x^2 + x - 1 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-1)}}{4} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{4}$$

$$x_1 = -1 \quad x_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L = \left\{ -1; \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

26)

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8} = 0 \mid \cdot 8$$

$D = R$

$$8x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4 \cdot 8 \cdot 1}}{16} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-16}}{16}$$

$$L = \left\{ \right\}$$

23)

$$x^2 - 6,3x - 204,7 = 0 \mid \cdot 10$$

$D = R$

$$10x^2 - 63x - 2047 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{63 \pm \sqrt{63^2 - 4 \cdot 10 \cdot -2047}}{20} = \frac{63 \pm 293}{20}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-230}{20} = -11,5 \quad x_2 = \frac{356}{20} = 17,8$$

$$L = \left\{ -11,5; 17,8 \right\}$$

25)

$$x^2 - \frac{x}{3} - 8 = 0 \mid \cdot 3$$

$D = R$

$$3x^2 - x - 24 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot (-42)}}{6} = \frac{1 \pm 17}{6}$$

$$x_1 = 3 \quad x_2 = -\frac{16}{6} = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ 3; -\frac{8}{3} \right\}$$

27)

$$x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{9}{16} = 0 \mid \cdot 16$$

$D = R$

$$16x^2 - 24x - 9 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_{1/2} &= \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{24^2 - 4 \cdot 16 \cdot (-9)}}{32} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{1152}}{32} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{18 \cdot 64}}{32} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{18} \cdot \sqrt{64}}{32} \\ &= \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{2 \cdot 9} \cdot 8}{32} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 8}{32} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \\ L &= \left\{ \frac{3 - \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4}; \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

28)

$$x^2 - \frac{22}{3}x + \frac{35}{3} = 0 \mid \cdot 3$$

$D = R$

$$3x^2 - 22x + 35 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{22 \pm \sqrt{22^2 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 35}}{6} = \frac{22 \pm 8}{6} = \frac{11 \pm 4}{3}$$

$$x_1 = 5 \quad x_2 = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ 5; \frac{7}{3} \right\}$$

30)

$$36x^2 - 36x + 9 = 0 \mid : 9$$

$D = R$

$$4x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 1}}{2 \cdot 4} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad x_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

29)

$$3x^2 + 15x - 72 = 0 \mid : 3$$

$D = R$

$$x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-24)}}{2} = \frac{-5 \pm 11}{2}$$

$$x_1 = -8 \quad x_2 = 3$$

$$L = \{-8; 3\}$$

31)

$$21x^2 + 28x - 84 = 0 \mid :7$$

$D = R$

$$3x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot (-12)}}{6} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{160}}{6} = \frac{-4 \pm 4\sqrt{10}}{6} = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \quad x_2 = \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3}; \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right\}$$

32)

$$\frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x - 5 = 0 \mid \cdot 6$$

$D = R$

$$x^2 - x - 30 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-30)}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm 11}{2}$$

$$x_1 = 6 \quad x_2 = -5$$

$$L = \{6; -5\}$$

33)

$$\frac{2}{3}x^2 + x + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \mid \cdot 3$$

$D = R$

$$2x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{4} = \frac{-3 \pm 1}{4}$$

$$x_1 = -1 \quad x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$L = \{-1; -\frac{1}{2}\}$$

34)

$$\frac{9}{10}x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0 \mid \cdot 10$$

$D = R$

$$9x^2 + 4x - 5 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4 \cdot 9 \cdot (-5)}}{18} = \frac{-4 \pm 14}{18} = \frac{-2 \pm 7}{9}$$

$$x_1 = -1 \quad x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$L = \{-1; -\frac{1}{2}\}$$

35)

$$x^2 - 3,5x + 4 = 0$$

$D = R$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{3,5 \pm \sqrt{3,5^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4}}{2}$$

$$L = \{\}$$

$$36) \quad x^2 + 2,4x + 0,8 = 0 \mid \cdot 10$$

$D = R$

$$10x^2 + 24x + 8 = 0 \mid : 2$$

$$5x^2 + 12x + 4 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{12^2 - 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 4}}{10} = \frac{-12 \pm 8}{10}$$

$$x_1 = -2 \quad x_2 = -\frac{4}{10}$$

$$L = \{-2; -\frac{4}{10}\}$$

38)

$$(x+2)^2 = -5$$

$D = R$

$D \neq -5 < 0$ , gilt:

$$L = \{\}$$

39)

$$\frac{2x+1}{3} + \frac{9}{2x+1} = 4 \mid \cdot 3(2x+1)$$

$$D = R \setminus \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$(2x+1)^2 + 27 = 12(2x+1)$$

$$4x^2 + 4x + 1 + 27 = 24x + 12$$

$$4x^2 - 20x + 16 = 0 \mid : 4$$

$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4}}{2} = \frac{5 \pm 3}{2}$$

$$x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$L = \{4; 1\}$$

37)

$$0,75x^2 + 0,5x - 1,25 = 0 \mid \cdot 100$$

$D = R$

$$75x^2 + 50 - 125 = 0 \mid : 25$$

$$3x^2 + 2 - 5 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot (-5)}}{6} = \frac{-2 \pm 8}{6} = \frac{-1 \pm 4}{3}$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{5}{3} \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$L = \{-\frac{5}{3}; 1\}$$

40)

$$2 \cdot \frac{x-2}{5} + \frac{5}{x-2} = 3 \mid \cdot 5(x-2)$$

$D = R \setminus \{2\}$

$$2 \cdot (x-2)^2 + 25 = 15(x-2)$$

$$2(x^2 - 4x + 4) + 25 = 15x - 30$$

$$2x^2 - 8x + 8 + 25 = 15x - 30$$

$$2x^2 - 23x + 63 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{23 \pm \sqrt{23^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 63}}{4} = \frac{23 \pm 5}{4}$$

$$x_1 = 7 \quad x_2 = 4,5$$

$$L = \{4,5; 7\}$$

41)

$$\frac{2x+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-2x} = 2 | \cdot 2(3-2x)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{1, 5\}$$

$$(2x+1)(3-2x) + 20 = 4(3-2x)$$

$$6x + 3 - 4x^2 - 2x + 20 = 12 - 8x$$

$$-4x^2 + 12x + 11 = 0 | \cdot (-1)$$

$$4x^2 - 12x - 11 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot (-11)}}{8} =$$

$$\frac{12 \pm \sqrt{320}}{8} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{64 \cdot 5}}{8} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{64} \cdot \sqrt{5}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{12 \pm 8 \cdot \sqrt{5}}{8} = \frac{3 \pm 2 \cdot \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3-2 \cdot \sqrt{5}}{2}; \frac{3+2 \cdot \sqrt{5}}{2} \right\}$$

42)

$$\frac{3x+4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-3x} = 2 | \cdot 3(2-3x)$$

$$D = R \setminus \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

$$(3x+4)(2-3x) + 54 = 6(2-3x)$$

$$6x + 8 - 9x^2 - 12x + 54 = 12 - 18x$$

$$-9x^2 + 12x + 50 = 0 | \cdot (-1)$$

$$9x^2 - 12x - 50 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 4 \cdot 9 \cdot (-50)}}{18} =$$

$$\frac{12 \pm \sqrt{1944}}{18} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{3 \cdot 81 + 2 \cdot 4}}{18} =$$

$$\frac{12 \pm \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{81} + \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{4}}{18} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{3} \cdot 9 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 2}{18} =$$

$$\frac{12 \pm \sqrt{6} \cdot 18}{18} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}; \frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} \right\}$$

43)

$$\frac{x+3}{x} + \frac{x}{x-2} = 5 | \cdot x(x-2)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{2\}$$

$$(x+3)(x-2) + x^2 = 5x(x-2)$$

$$x^2 + 3x - 2x - 6 + x^2 = 5x^2 - 10x$$

$$-3x^2 + 11x - 6 = 0 | \cdot (-1)$$

$$3x^2 - 11x + 6 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{121 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 6}}{6} = \frac{11 \pm 7}{6}$$

$$x_1 = 3 \quad x_2 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$L = \left\{ 3; \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

44)

$$\frac{7-x}{x} - \frac{x}{x+8} = 5 | \cdot x(x+8)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{0; -8\}$$

$$(7-x)(x+8) - x^2 = 5x(x+8)$$

$$7x - x^2 + 56 - 8x - x^2 = 5x^2 + 40x$$

$$-7x^2 - 41x + 56 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{41 \pm \sqrt{41^2 - 4 \cdot (-7) \cdot 56}}{-14} = \frac{41 \pm 57}{-14}$$

$$x_1 = -7 \quad x_2 = \frac{16}{14} = \frac{8}{7}$$

$$L = \left\{ -7; \frac{8}{7} \right\}$$

45)

$$\frac{x}{2x-3} - \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{3}{4x-6} \mid \cdot HN = 2x(2x-3)$$

$$D = R \setminus \left\{ 0; \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

$$2x^2 - (2x-3) = 3x$$

$$2x^2 - 2x + 3 = 3x$$

$$2x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}}{4} = \frac{5 \pm 1}{4}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{3}{2} \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$L = \{1\}$$

47)

$$\frac{3x^2 + 25}{x^2 - 25} + \frac{5-x}{5+x} = \frac{2x}{x-5} \mid \cdot HN = 2(x-5)(x+5)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{5; -5\}$$

$$3x^2 + 25 + (5-x)(x-5) = 2x(x+5)$$

$$3x^2 + 25 - (x-5)(x-5) = 2x^2 + 10x$$

$$3x^2 + 25 - (x^2 - 10x + 25) = 2x^2 + 10x$$

$$3x^2 + 25 - x^2 + 10x - 25 = 2x^2 + 10x$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$L = R \setminus \{5; -5\}$$

48)

$$\frac{9+2x}{9-x^2} = \frac{5}{3-x} - \frac{4+x}{6+2x} \mid \cdot HN = 2(3-x)(3+x)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{3; -3\}$$

$$2(9+2x) = 10(3+x) - (4+x)(3-x)$$

$$18+4x = 30+10x - (12+3x-4x-x^2)$$

$$18+4x = 30+10x-12+x+x^2$$

$$-x^2-7x=0$$

$$-x(x+7)=0$$

$$x=0 \vee x=-7$$

$$L = \{0; -7\}$$

46)

$$\frac{2x}{x-4} + \frac{3x}{x+4} = \frac{4(x^2 - x + 4)}{x^2 - 16} \mid \cdot HN = (x-4)(x+4)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{4; -4\}$$

$$2x(+4) + 3x(x-4) = 4(x^2 - x + 4)$$

$$2x^2 + 8x + 3x^2 - 12x = 4x^2 - 4x + 16$$

$$x^2 = 16$$

$$x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = -4$$

$$L = \{\}$$

49)

$$\frac{4x-3}{x-1} - \frac{10}{x+2} = \frac{5x}{x+2} \quad | \cdot (x-1)(x+2)$$

$$D = R \setminus \{1; -2\}$$

$$(4x-3)(x+2) - 10(x-1) = 5x(x-1)$$

$$4x^2 - 3x + 8x - 6 - 10x + 10 = 5x^2 - 5x$$

$$-x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$|x| = 2$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

Proben:

1)  $a)$   $(-11)^2 = 121$   $2)$   $a)$   $\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$   $4)$   $a)$   $(2 \cdot 4 - 3)^2 = (4 - 6)^2 + 21$   
 $121 = 121 \quad (w)$

$b)$   $11^2 = 121$   $\frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \quad (w)$   $b)$   $(2 \cdot (-4) - 3)^2 = (-4 - 6)^2 + 21$   
 $121 = 121 \quad (w)$   $b)$   $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$   $121 = 121 \quad (w)$   
 $\frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \quad (w)$

5)  $a)$   $(3 \cdot 2 + 1)^2 = 6 \cdot 2 + 37$   $7)$   $a)$   $(2\sqrt{5} - 5)^2 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $49 = 49 \quad (w)$   $(2\sqrt{5})^2 - 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{5} \cdot 5 + 5^2 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $b)$   $(3 \cdot (-2) + 1)^2 = 6 \cdot (-2) + 37$   $2^2 \sqrt{5}^2 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $25 = 25 \quad (w)$   $20 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $45 - 20\sqrt{5} = 45 - 20\sqrt{5} \quad (w)$

6)  $a)$   $(3 - 4)^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot 3$   $b)$   $(2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}) - 5)^2 = 45 - 20 \cdot (-\sqrt{5})$   
 $1 = 1 \quad (w)$   $(2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}))^2 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-\sqrt{5}) \cdot 5 + 5^2 = 45 - 20 \cdot (-\sqrt{5})$   
 $b)$   $(-3 - 4)^2 = 25 - 8 \cdot (-3)$   $2^2 \sqrt{5}^2 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $49 = 49 \quad (w)$   $20 - 20\sqrt{5} + 25 = 45 - 20\sqrt{5}$   
 $45 - 20\sqrt{5} = 45 - 20\sqrt{5} \quad (w)$

Proben:

$$1) \ x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$$

$$L = \{1; 5\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 1$

$$1^2 - 6 \cdot 1 + 5 = 0$$

$$1 - 6 + 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = (-5)$

$$(-5)^2 + 6 \cdot (-5) + 5 = 0$$

$$25 - 30 + 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$2) \ x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$$

$$L = \{-2; -4\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = (-2)$

$$(-2)^2 + 6 \cdot (-2) + 8 = 0$$

$$4 - 12 + 8 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = (-4)$

$$(-4)^2 + 6 \cdot (-4) + 8 = 0$$

$$16 - 24 + 8 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$3) \ x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$L = \{3; 7\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 3$

$$3^2 - 10 \cdot 3 + 21 = 0$$

$$9 - 30 + 21 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = 7$

$$(7)^2 - 10 \cdot (7) + 21 = 0$$

$$49 - 70 + 21 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$4) \ x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$$

$$L = \{-1; -5\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = (-1)$

$$(-1)^2 + 6 \cdot (-1) + 5 = 0$$

$$1 - 6 + 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = (-5)$

$$(-5)^2 + 6 \cdot (-5) + 5 = 0$$

$$25 - 30 + 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$5) \ x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$

$$L = \{5; -1\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 5$

$$(5)^2 - 4 \cdot (5) - 5 = 0$$

$$25 - 20 - 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = (-1)$

$$(-1)^2 - 4 \cdot (-1) - 5 = 0$$

$$1 + 4 - 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

6)  $x^2 + 11x + 24 = 0$   
 $L = \{-3; -8\}$   
a) Probe:  $x = -3$   
 $(-3)^2 + 11 \cdot (-3) + 24 = 0$   
 $9 - 33 + 24 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

7)  $2x^2 + 11x + 5 = 0$   
 $L = \left\{-\frac{1}{2}; -5\right\}$   
a) Probe:  $x = -\frac{1}{2}$   
 $2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 11 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + 5 = 0$   
 $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{11}{2} + 5 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

8)  $2x^2 + 9x + 7 = 0$   
 $L = \left\{-1; -\frac{7}{2}\right\}$   
a) Probe:  $x = -1$   
 $2 \cdot (-1)^2 + 9 \cdot (-1) + 7 = 0$   
 $2 - 9 + 7 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

9)  $3x^2 - 11x + 10 = 0$   
 $L = \left\{2; \frac{5}{3}\right\}$   
a) Probe:  $x = 2$   
 $3 \cdot (2)^2 - 11 \cdot (2) + 10 = 0$   
 $12 - 22 + 10 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

b) Probe:  $x = -8$   
 $(-8)^2 + 11 \cdot (-8) + 24 = 0$   
 $64 - 88 + 24 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

b) Probe:  $x = -5$   
 $2 \cdot (-5)^2 + 11 \cdot (-5) + 5 = 0$   
 $50 - 55 + 5 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

b) Probe:  $x = -\frac{7}{2}$   
 $2 \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + 9 \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right) + 7 = 0$   
 $\frac{98}{4} - \frac{63}{2} + 7 = 0$   
 $\frac{49}{2} - \frac{63}{2} + 7 = 0$   
 $(-7) + 7 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

b) Probe:  $x = \frac{5}{3}$   
 $3 \cdot \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2 - 11 \cdot \frac{5}{3} + 10 = 0$   
 $\frac{75}{9} - \frac{55}{3} + 10 = 0$   
 $\frac{25}{3} - \frac{55}{3} + 10 = 0$   
 $-10 + 10 = 0$   
 $0 = 0 \quad (w)$

$$10) \quad x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$L = \{2 + \sqrt{3}; 2 - \sqrt{3}\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$(2 + \sqrt{3})^2 - 4 \cdot (2 + \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 0$$

$$(4 + 4 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 3) - (8 + 4 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 0$$

$$8 - 8 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$(2 - \sqrt{3})^2 - 4 \cdot (2 - \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 0$$

$$4 - 4 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 3 - (8 - 4 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + 1 = 0$$

$$4 + 3 - 8 + 1 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$11) \quad x^2 + 6x + 7 = 0$$

$$L = \{-3 + \sqrt{2}; -3 - \sqrt{2}\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-3 + \sqrt{2})$$

$$(-3 + \sqrt{2})^2 + 6 \cdot (-3 + \sqrt{2}) + 7 = 0$$

$$(9 - 6 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 2) + (-18 + 6 \cdot \sqrt{2}) + 7$$

$$11 - 18 + 7 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = (-3 - \sqrt{2})$$

$$(-3 - \sqrt{2})^2 + 6 \cdot (-3 - \sqrt{2}) + 7 = 0$$

$$9 + 6 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 2 - 18 - 6 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 7 = 0$$

$$9 + 2 - 18 + 7 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$12) \quad x^2 - 8x + 11 = 0$$

$$L = \{4 + \sqrt{5}; 4 - \sqrt{5}\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (4 + \sqrt{5})$$

$$(4 + \sqrt{5})^2 - 8 \cdot (4 + \sqrt{5}) + 11 = 0$$

$$(16 + 8 \cdot \sqrt{5} + 5) - (32 + 8 \cdot \sqrt{5}) + 11 = 0$$

$$21 - 32 + 11 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = (4 - \sqrt{5})$$

$$(4 - \sqrt{5})^2 - 8 \cdot (4 - \sqrt{5}) + 11 = 0$$

$$16 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{5} + 5 - 32 + 8 \cdot \sqrt{5} + 11 = 0$$

$$16 + 5 - 32 + 11 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$13) \quad 4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$4 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 12 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + 9 = 0$$

$$\frac{36}{4} - \frac{36}{2} + 9 = 0$$

$$-9 + 9 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$14) \ 3x^2 - 10x + 6 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{5}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}; \frac{5}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{ Probe : } x = \left( \frac{5}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right)$$

$$3 \cdot \left( \frac{5}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right)^2 - 10 \cdot \left( \frac{5}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right) + 6 = 0$$

$$3 \cdot \left( \frac{25}{9} + 2 \cdot \frac{5\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{7}{9} \right) - \left( \frac{50}{3} + \frac{10\sqrt{7}}{3} \right) + 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} + \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{50}{3} - \frac{10\sqrt{7}}{3} + 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} + \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{150}{9} - \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{150}{9} + \frac{54}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{150}{9} - \frac{150}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$15) \ x^2 + 7x + 16 = 0$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

$$16) \ 7x^2 + 33x + 36 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -3; -\frac{12}{7} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{ Probe : } x = (-3)$$

$$7 \cdot (-3)^2 + 33 \cdot (-3) + 36 = 0$$

$$63 - 99 + 36 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{ Probe : } x = \frac{5}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$$

$$3 \cdot \left( \frac{5}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right)^2 - 10 \cdot \left( \frac{5}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3} \right) + 6 = 0$$

$$3 \cdot \left( \frac{25}{9} - 2 \cdot \frac{5\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{7}{9} \right) - \left( \frac{50}{3} - \frac{10\sqrt{7}}{3} \right) + 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} - \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{50}{3} + \frac{10\sqrt{7}}{3} + 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} - \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{150}{9} + \frac{30\sqrt{7}}{9} + \frac{54}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{9} + \frac{21}{9} - \frac{150}{9} + \frac{54}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{ Probe : } x = \left( -\frac{12}{7} \right)$$

$$7 \cdot \left( -\frac{12}{7} \right)^2 + 33 \cdot \left( -\frac{12}{7} \right) + 36 = 0$$

$$\frac{1008}{49} - \frac{2772}{49} + \frac{1764}{49} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$17) \ 35x^2 - 137x + 132 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{11}{5}; \frac{12}{7} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{11}{5}$$

$$35 \cdot \left( \frac{11}{5} \right)^2 - 137 \cdot \left( \frac{11}{5} \right) + 132 = 0$$

$$\frac{4235}{25} - \frac{7535}{25} + \frac{3300}{25} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{12}{7}$$

$$35 \cdot \left( \frac{12}{7} \right)^2 - 137 \cdot \left( \frac{12}{7} \right) + 132 = 0$$

$$\frac{5040}{49} - \frac{11508}{49} + \frac{6468}{49} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$18) \ 80x^2 - 166x + 51 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{17}{10}; \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{17}{10}$$

$$80 \cdot \left( \frac{17}{10} \right)^2 - 166 \cdot \left( \frac{17}{10} \right) + 51 = 0$$

$$\frac{23120}{100} - \frac{28220}{100} + \frac{5100}{100} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$80 \cdot \left( \frac{3}{8} \right)^2 - 166 \cdot \frac{3}{8} + 51 = 0$$

$$\frac{720}{64} - \frac{3984}{64} + \frac{3264}{64} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$19) \ 108x^2 + 249x + 136 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -\frac{17}{12}; -\frac{8}{9} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = -\frac{17}{12}$$

$$108 \cdot \left( -\frac{17}{12} \right)^2 + 249 \cdot \left( -\frac{17}{12} \right) + 136 = 0$$

$$\frac{31212}{144} - \frac{50796}{144} + \frac{19584}{144} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = -\frac{8}{9}$$

$$108 \cdot \left( -\frac{8}{9} \right)^2 + 249 \cdot \left( -\frac{8}{9} \right) + 136 = 0$$

$$\frac{6912}{81} - \frac{17928}{81} + \frac{11016}{81} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$20) \ 85x^2 + 239x - 170 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -3,4; \frac{10}{17} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-3,4)$$

$$85 \cdot (-3,4)^2 + 239 \cdot (-3,4) - 170 = 0$$

$$982,6 - 812,6 - 170 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{10}{17}$$

$$85 \cdot \left( \frac{10}{17} \right)^2 + 239 \cdot \frac{10}{17} - 170 = 0$$

$$\frac{8500}{289} + \frac{40630}{289} - \frac{49130}{289} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$21) \ 36x^2 + 167x + 187 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -\frac{17}{9}; -\frac{11}{4} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = -\frac{17}{9}$$

$$36 \cdot \left( -\frac{17}{9} \right)^2 + 167 \cdot \left( -\frac{17}{9} \right) + 187 = 0$$

$$\frac{10404}{81} - \frac{25551}{81} + \frac{15147}{81} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = -\frac{11}{4}$$

$$36 \cdot \left( -\frac{11}{4} \right)^2 + 167 \cdot \left( -\frac{11}{4} \right) + 187 = 0$$

$$\frac{4356}{16} - \frac{7348}{16} + \frac{2992}{16} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$22) \ x^2 - 1,6x + 0,63 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{9}{10}; \frac{7}{10} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\left( \frac{9}{10} \right)^2 - 1,6 \cdot \left( \frac{9}{10} \right) + 0,63 = 0$$

$$\frac{81}{100} - \frac{144}{100} + \frac{63}{100} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\left( \frac{7}{10} \right)^2 - 1,6 \cdot \left( \frac{7}{10} \right) + 0,63 = 0$$

$$\frac{49}{100} - \frac{112}{100} + \frac{63}{100} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$23) \ x^2 - 6,3x - 204,7 = 0$$

$$L = \{-11,5; 17,8\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-11,5)$$

$$(-11,5)^2 - 6,3 \cdot (-11,5) - 204,7 = 0$$

$$132,25 + 72,45 - 204,7 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = 17,8$$

$$17,8^2 - 6,3 \cdot 17,8 - 204,7 = 0$$

$$316,84 - 112,14 - 204,7 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$24) \ x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -1; \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-1)$$

$$(-1)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-1) - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$25) x^2 - \frac{x}{3} - 8 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ 3; -\frac{8}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = 3$$

$$3^2 - \frac{3}{3} - 8 = 0$$

$$9 - 1 - 8 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$\left( -\frac{8}{3} \right)^2 - \frac{\left( -\frac{8}{3} \right)}{3} - 8 = 0$$

$$\frac{64}{9} + \frac{8}{9} - \frac{72}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$27) x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3 - \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4}; \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{3 - \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4}$$

$$\left( \frac{3 - \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right)^2 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{3 - \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{9 - 18 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 18}{16} \right) - \left( \frac{9 - 9 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{8} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{27 - 18 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{16} \right) - \left( \frac{18 - 18 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{16} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\frac{9}{16} - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4}$$

$$\left( \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right)^2 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} \cdot 3}{4} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{9 + 18 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 18}{16} \right) - \left( \frac{9 + 9 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{8} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{27 + 18 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{16} \right) - \left( \frac{18 + 18 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{16} \right) - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$\frac{9}{16} - \frac{9}{16} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$28) x^2 - \frac{22}{3}x + \frac{35}{3} = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ 5; \frac{7}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = 5$$

$$5^2 - \frac{22}{3} \cdot 5 + \frac{35}{3} = 0$$

$$25 - \frac{110}{3} + \frac{35}{3} = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{3} - \frac{110}{3} + \frac{35}{3} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\left( \frac{7}{3} \right)^2 - \frac{22}{3} \cdot \frac{7}{3} + \frac{35}{3} = 0$$

$$\frac{49}{9} - \frac{154}{9} + \frac{105}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$29) \ 3x^2 - 15x - 72 = 0$$

$$L = \{-8; 33\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = -8$$

$$3 \cdot (-8)^2 + 15 \cdot (-8) - 72 = 0$$

$$192 - 120 - 72 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe } x = 3$$

$$3 \cdot (3)^2 + 15 \cdot (3) - 72 = 0$$

$$27 + 45 - 72 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$30) \ 36x^2 - 36x + 9 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$36 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - 36 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + 9 = 0$$

$$9 - 18 + 9 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$31) \ 21x^2 + 28x - 84 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3}; \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$21 \cdot \left( \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right)^2 + 28 \cdot \left( \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right) - 84 = 0$$

$$21 \cdot \left( \frac{4 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{10} + 40}{9} \right) - \frac{56 - 56 \cdot \sqrt{10}}{3} - 84 = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{84 - 168 \cdot \sqrt{10} + 840}{9} \right) - \left( \frac{168 - 168 \cdot \sqrt{10}}{9} \right) - \frac{756}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{84 + 840 - 168 - 756}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{0}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$21 \cdot \left( \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right)^2 + 28 \cdot \left( \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{10}}{3} \right) - 84 = 0$$

$$21 \cdot \left( \frac{4 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{10} + 40}{9} \right) - \frac{56 + 56 \cdot \sqrt{10}}{3} - 84 = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{84 - 168 \cdot \sqrt{10} + 840}{9} \right) - \left( \frac{168 - 168 \cdot \sqrt{10}}{9} \right) - \frac{756}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{84 + 840 - 168 - 756}{9} = 0$$

$$\frac{0}{9} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$32) \frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x - 5 = 0 \quad b) \text{Probe : } x = (-5)$$

$$L = \{6; -5\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = 6$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot 6 - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 6 - 5 = 0$$

$$6 - 1 - 5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (-5)^2 - \frac{1}{6} \cdot (-5) - 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{25}{6} + \frac{5}{6} - \frac{30}{6} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$33) \frac{2}{3}x^2 + x + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \quad b) \text{Probe : } x = \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$L = \left\{ -1; -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = (-1)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot (-1)^2 + (-1) + \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$34) \frac{9}{10}x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -1; -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-1)$$

$$\frac{9}{10} \cdot (-1)^2 + \frac{2}{5} \cdot (-1) - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{9}{10} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{2}{5} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{9}{40} - \frac{8}{40} - \frac{20}{40} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$35) x^2 - 3,5x + 4 = 0$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

$$36) x^2 + 2,4x + 0,8 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -2; \frac{4}{10} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = (-2)$$

$$(-2)^2 + 2,4 \cdot (-2) + 0,8 = 0$$

$$4 - 4,8 + 0,8 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \left( -\frac{4}{10} \right)$$

$$\left( -\frac{4}{10} \right)^2 + 2,4 \cdot \left( -\frac{4}{10} \right) + 0,8 = 0$$

$$\frac{16}{100} - \frac{96}{100} + \frac{80}{100} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$37) 0,75x^2 + 0,5x - 1,25 = 0$$

$$L = \left\{ -\frac{5}{3}; 1 \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \left( -\frac{5}{3} \right)$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \left( -\frac{5}{3} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left( -\frac{5}{3} \right) - \frac{5}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{75}{36} - \frac{30}{36} - \frac{45}{36} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = 1$$

$$0,75 \cdot 1^2 + 0,5 \cdot 1 - 1,25 = 0$$

$$0,75 + 0,5 - 1,25 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (w)$$

$$38) (x+2)^2 = -5$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

$$39) \frac{2x+1}{3} + \frac{9}{2x+1} = 4$$

$$L = \{4;1\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 4$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 4 + 1}{3} + \frac{9}{2 \cdot 4 + 1} = 4$$

$$\frac{27}{9} + \frac{9}{9} = 4$$

$$4 = 4 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = 1$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 1 + 1}{3} + \frac{9}{2 \cdot 1 + 1} = 4$$

$$1 + 3 = 4$$

$$4 = 4 \quad (w)$$

$$40) 2 \cdot \frac{x-2}{5} + \frac{5}{x-2} = 3$$

$$L = \{4,5;7\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 4,5$

$$2 \cdot \frac{4,5-2}{5} + \frac{5}{4,5-2} = 3$$

$$\frac{9-4}{5} + \frac{5}{2,5} = 3$$

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

$$3 = 3 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = 7$

$$2 \cdot \frac{7-2}{5} + \frac{5}{7-2} = 3$$

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

$$3 = 3 \quad (w)$$

$$41) \frac{2x+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-2x} = 2$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2}; \frac{3+2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot \frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2} + 1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-2 \cdot \frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2}} = 2$$

$$\frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-(3-2\cdot\sqrt{5})} = 2$$

$$\frac{3-2\cdot\sqrt{5}+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-(3-2\cdot\sqrt{5})} = 2$$

$$\frac{4-2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{10}{2\cdot\sqrt{5}} = 2$$

$$\frac{2(2-\sqrt{5})}{2} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{5}} = 2$$

$$2-\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{5}=2$$

$$2=2 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{3+2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot \frac{3+2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2} + 1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-2 \cdot \frac{3+2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2}} = 2$$

$$\frac{3+2\cdot\sqrt{5}+1}{2} + \frac{10}{3-(3+2\cdot\sqrt{5})} = 2$$

$$\frac{4+2\cdot\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{10}{-2\cdot\sqrt{5}} = 2$$

$$\frac{2(2+\sqrt{5})}{2} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{5}} = 2$$

$$2+\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{5}=2$$

$$2=2 \quad (w)$$

$$42) \frac{3x+4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-3x} = 2$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}; \frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot \frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} + 4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-3 \cdot \frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}} = 2$$

$$\frac{2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3 + 4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-(2-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3)} = 2$$

$$\frac{6-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} + \frac{18}{\sqrt{6} \cdot 3} = 2$$

$$\frac{3(2-\sqrt{6})}{3} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{6}} = 2$$

$$2-\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6} = 2$$

$$2=2 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe: } x = \frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot \frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} + 4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-3 \cdot \frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3}} = 2$$

$$\frac{2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3 + 4}{3} + \frac{18}{2-(2+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3)} = 2$$

$$\frac{6+\sqrt{6} \cdot 3}{3} + \frac{18}{-\sqrt{6} \cdot 3} = 2$$

$$\frac{3(2+\sqrt{6})}{3} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{6}} = 2$$

$$2+\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6} = 2$$

$$2=2 \quad (w)$$

$$43) \frac{x+3}{x} + \frac{x}{x-2} = 5$$

$$L = \left\{ 3; \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = 3$$

$$\frac{3+3}{3} + \frac{3}{3-2} = 5$$

$$\frac{6}{3} + \frac{3}{1} = 5$$

$$2+3=5$$

$$5=5 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}+3}{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{2}{3}-2} = 5$$

$$\frac{\frac{11}{2}}{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{-\frac{4}{3}} = 5$$

$$\frac{33}{6} + \left( -\frac{6}{12} \right) = 5$$

$$\frac{66}{12} - \frac{6}{12} = 5$$

$$\frac{60}{12} = 5$$

$$5=5 \quad (w)$$

$$44) \frac{7-x}{x} - \frac{x}{x+8} = 5$$

$$L = \left\{ -7; \frac{8}{7} \right\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = (-7)$$

$$\frac{7-(-7)}{-7} - \frac{-7}{(-7)+8} = 5$$

$$-2+7=5$$

$$5=5 \quad (w)$$

$$b) \text{Probe : } x = \frac{8}{7}$$

$$\frac{7-\frac{8}{7}}{\frac{8}{7}} - \frac{\frac{8}{7}}{\frac{8}{7}+8} = 5$$

$$\frac{\frac{41}{7}}{\frac{8}{7}} - \frac{\frac{8}{7}}{\frac{64}{7}} = 5$$

$$\frac{287}{56} - \frac{56}{448} = 5$$

$$\frac{2296}{448} - \frac{56}{448} = 5$$

$$5=5 \quad (w)$$

$$45) \frac{x}{2x-3} - \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{3}{4x-6}$$

$$L = \{1\}$$

$$a) \text{Probe : } x = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 1 - 3} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{3}{4 \cdot 1 - 6}$$

$$\frac{1}{-1} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{-2}$$

$$-\frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$0=0 \quad (w)$$

$$46) \frac{2x}{x-4} + \frac{3x}{x+4} = \frac{4(x^2 - x + 4)}{x^2 - 16}$$

$$L = \{ \}$$

$$48) \frac{9+2x}{9-x^2} = \frac{5}{3-x} - \frac{4+x}{6+2x}$$

$$L = \{0; -7\}$$

a) Probe :  $x = 0$

$$\frac{9+2 \cdot 0}{9-0^2} = \frac{5}{3-0} - \frac{4+0}{6+2 \cdot 0}$$

$$\frac{9}{9} = \frac{5}{3} - \frac{4}{6}$$

$$1 = \frac{10}{6} - \frac{4}{6}$$

$$1 = 1 \quad (w)$$

b) Probe :  $x = (-7)$

$$\frac{9+2 \cdot (-7)}{9-(-7)^2} = \frac{5}{3-(-7)} - \frac{4+(-7)}{6+2(-7)}$$

$$\frac{-5}{-40} = \frac{5}{10} - \frac{-3}{-8}$$

$$\frac{5}{40} = \frac{20}{40} - \frac{15}{40}$$

$$\frac{5}{40} = \frac{5}{40} \quad (w)$$

$$49) \frac{4x-3}{x-1} - \frac{10}{x+2} = \frac{5x}{x+2}$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

Probe :  $x = 2$

$$\frac{4 \cdot 2 - 3}{2-1} - \frac{10}{2+2} = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{2+2}$$

$$\frac{5}{1} - \frac{10}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$2,5 = 2,5 \quad (w)$$

